Ralozine[®] 500 SR

Ranolazine 500 mg Tablet

Presentation

Ralozine® 500 SR tablet: Each film-coated sustained release tablet contains Ranolazine INN 500 mg.

Description

Ranolazine has anti-ischemic and anti-angina effects that do not depend upon reduction in heart rate or blood pressure. It does not affect the rate-pressure product, a measure of myocardial work, at maximal exercise. Ranolazine at therapeutic levels can inhibit the cardiac late sodium current (INa). Thereby it causes decreased influx of Ca⁺⁺ through Na⁺⁻Ca⁺⁺ channel. Thus, it inhibits Ca⁺⁺ overload and decreases oxygen consumption of heart.

Indications and uses

Ranolazine is indicated for the treatment of chronic angina. Ranolazine may be used with beta-blockers, nitrates, calcium channel blockers, anti-platelet therapy, lipid-lowering therapy, ACE inhibitors and angiotensin receptor blockers.

Dosage guideline

Initiate Ranolazine dosing at 500 mg twice daily and increase to 1000 mg twice daily, if needed, based on clinical symptoms. Take Ranolazine with or without meals. Swallow Ranolazine tablets whole; do not crush, break or chew. The maximum recommended daily dose of Ranolazine is 1000 mg twice daily. If a dose of Ranolazine is missed, take the prescribed dose at the next scheduled time; do not double the next dose.

Side-effects:

- · Cardiac Disorders bradycardia, palpitations
- · Ear and Labyrinth Disorders tinnitus, vertigo
- Gastrointestinal Disorders abdominal pain, dry mouth, vomiting
- · General Disorders and Administrative Site Adverse Events peripheral edema
- Respiratory, Thoracic, and Mediastinal Disorders dyspnea
- Vascular Disorders hypotension, orthostatic hypotension

Contraindications

- Taking strong inhibitors of CYP3A (e.g., ketoconazole, clarithromycin, nelfinavir)
- Taking inducers of CYP3A (e.g., phenobarbital, rifampicin)
- Significant hepatic impairment

Precautions

Heart rhythm problems (e.g., bradycardia, QT prolongation, ventricular tachycardia), liver problems, certain uncorrected mineral imbalances (low potassium/magnesium levels), severe kidney problems.

Pregnancy and Lactation

Pregnancy Category C

Drug Interactions

- Inhibitors of CYP3A (e.g., ketoconazole, clarithromycin, nelfinavir)
- Inducers of CYP3A (e.g., phenobarbital, rifampicin)
- P-gp inhibitors (e.g., cyclosporine)
- Drug transported by p-gp or metabolized by CYP2D6 (e.g., Digoxin, TCA etc.)

Storage

Do not store above 30° C. Keep away from light and out of the reach of children.

Commercial Pack

Ralozine[®] 500 SR tablet: Each box contains 2 blister strips of 10 tablets.



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